Shri Shivaji Science and Arts College, Chikhli. Department of English and English Literature Program Outcome, Program Specific Outcome and Course Outcome

Programme Outcomes (Po's) of B. A.(English & English Litrature)

At the end of the Programme the student is expected to know, understand and develop and become -

- 1) Critical Thinking: Take informed actions after identifying the assumptions that frame our thinking and actions, checking out the degree to which these assumptions are accurate and valid, and looking at our ideas and decisions (intellectual, organizational, and personal) from different perspectives.
- **2. Effective Communication**: Speak, read, write and listen clearly in person and through electronic media in English and in one Indian language, and make meaning of the world by connecting people, ideas, books, media and technology.
- **3. Social Interaction:** Elicit views of others, mediate disagreements and help reach conclusions in group settings.
- **4. Effective Citizenship:** Demonstrate empathetic social concern and equity centred national development, and the ability to act with an informed awareness of issues and participate in civic life through volunteering.
- 5. Ethics: Recognize different value systems and accept responsibility for them.
- **6. Environment and Sustainability:** Understand the issues of environmental contexts and sustainable development.
- 7. Analyse various forms of literature and understand different aspects of life
- **8. Self-directed and Life-long Learning:** Acquire the ability to engage in professional and financial independence and life-long learning.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

After completing the Course the student will be able to:

- 1) Understand grammar of English language
- 2) Comprehend different forms of literature
- 3) Have a humanitarian attitude towards different cultural
- 4) Widen scope of employability in the area of Teaching, Private Sector, Civil Services and Banking

COURSE OUTCOMES ENGLISH

COURSE / CLASS	COURSE OUTCOME	
	Language (Students learn)	Life Values (Students learn)
B. A. / Sem. I Unit I - Prose i. Education Provides a Solid Foundation- A.P. J. Abul Kalam	Technique of writing autobiography.	How a man turns into an ideal citizen by taking inspiration from teachers, friends and family members.
ii. Love Story – Maneka Gandhi	New words related to the livestock.	• Emotions and feelings of animals - love, loss and parents.
iii. Speech on Indian Independence – Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru	• Interpretation of figurative language.	• India's past efforts to achieve independence and hope to see future of India as a prosperous and progressive nation.
iv. Film Making - Satyajit Ray	Technique of writing essay on real incidences.	• Representation of socio-cultural life of India in the films.
i. In the Bazaars of Hyderabad – Sarojini Naidu	Use of colloquial words in the poem.	Different temperaments of the traders.
ii. She Walks in	• Use of figures of speech in	• Juxtaposing images

Beauty – Lord Byron	the poem.	and comparison of physical, spiritual and intellectual beauty.
iii. Middle Age – Kamala Das Unit III Grammar	Paraphrasing the poem.	Status of middle aged mother in Indian family.
Parts of Speech	• To identify different parts of speech with their usages.	• Enrichment of Language
• Tenses	• To use proper tense as per the situation	
 Unit III IV – (i) Unseen Passage (ii) Letter Writing 	Development of reading skill with comprehension.To compose letters such as	
, ,	Personal letters, Formal letters, etc.	
• (iii) Curriculum Vitae	Writing CV / Resume	
B. A. I Sem – II		
Unit I - Prose • APPRO JRD – Sudha Murthy	Dialogue writing	Dedication of a businessman to uplift the economy of his motherland.
Packing – Jerome K. Jerome	Direct – Indirect Speech	• Importance of neatness and systematic way of life.
• How I Became a Public Speaker – G. B. Shaw	Shavian style of writing.	Preparation to be a successful public speaker.
• Values in Life – Rudyard Kipling	Prefixes to derive new words	• The importance of moral values in life to become a perfect man.
• UNIT II - POEM i. Money Madness - D. H. Lawrence	• To write summary of a poem.	• To lead economically balanced life.
ii. No Men Are Foreign – James Kirkup	Poetic devices	• The importance of peace, brotherhood and oneness in the troubled times.
iii. On Another's Sorrow – William Blake	To develop an idea into a paragraph.	• Need of human sympathy for happy life and to overcome the challenges in life.
UNIT - III -		• Enrichment of

	0.1: 4 1	languaga
C rearrance re	• Subject – verb agreement	language.
Grammar	• Verb: Main verb and	
	auxiliary verb.	
UNIT - IV	To develop an idea into a	
	short story	
Story Building		
• E-communication	• Writing Fax, e-mails, etc.	
Notice , Agenda,	To draft Notice, Agenda	-
Minitus	and Minutes as a part of business	
William	<u> </u>	
B. A. II Sem – III	correspondence	
B. A. II Sem – III		
Unit I - Prose		
i. India's Message to	• The technique of narration	• India has power of
the World – Swami		spirituality to offer to the
Vivekanand		world
ii. The Pleasures of	New words and develop	To use ignorance as a
Ignorance – Robert Lynd	vocabulary.	tool to discover new thing.
g and a grant g		
••• ••		
iii. The Three	Direct – Indirect Narration	Moral principles for
Questions – Leo Tolstoy		successful life
iv. Dirge – James	Poetic device	• Just life and good
Shirley		deeds are the things that are
		only remembered
v. Leisure – W. H.	Use of simple language for	• The idea of happy life.
Devias	poetic creation	
vi. A Baby Asleep	• Use of poetic images.	Divine quality among
After Pain – D. H.	ese of poetic mages.	children
Lawrence		Children
UNIT - III - Grammar	Adjective and Adverb	• Enrichment of
C. 12 III GIUIIIIII	Clauses,	language.
	<u> </u>	ranguage.
TIMITE IN	• Types of sentences	-
UNIT - IV -	• Telephone and	
Communication Skills	Interpersonal Communication	
B. A. II – Sem. – IV		
Unit I - Prose		
		To have humanitarian
i. Why are Beggars	Types of sentences	attitude towards beggars.
Dispaired – George) F 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
Orwell		
ii. On the Conduct of	Varieties of suffixes to	Gems of wisdom and
Life – William Hazlitt	derive new words	
Lac - william Haziitt	derive new words	common sense in leading life.

iii. Girl – O. Henry	Situational dialogues	• Positive and negative impact of suspicious nature of human beings.
iv. The Magic Shop – H. G. Wells	Technique of narration	• Magic as an illusion and not a reality.
UNIT II - Poetry		
i. Where the Mind is without Fear — Rabindranath Tagore	To understand prosaic poetry	Humanitarian approach towards nation building.
ii. A Lament – P. B. Shelley	To write an abstract of a poem.	Temporary nature of mortal life
iii. Love in a Life – Robert Browning	Imagery in poetry	• Useless desires and goals that human being run after in life.
iv. Uphill – Christina Rossetti	• Simile and metaphor in a poem	• The role of goodness, duty and sacrifice in life.
• Grammar	 Transformation of sentences Simple, Compound and Complex Synthesis of Sentences 	Enrichment of Language
• Communication Skills	• Interpersonal Conversation and Casual Conversation	• Enrichment of language.
B. A. / Sem. V Unit I - Prose i. The Open Window- Saki	New words and its usage	Different human natures.
ii. The Three Hermits- Leo Tolstoy	• Use of short sentences to answer short answer type question.	• Concept of pure sainthood and realization of the concept of God.
iii. What is Swaraj- M. K. Gandhi	Language of journalism.Framing questions.	• The concept of patriotism, social and political awareness.
iv. Letter to His Son – Earl of Chesterfield	Inspirational language.	 Responsibility of a father. Importance of moral teaching in successful life.
Unit II - Poem		
i. Bangle Sellers- Sarojini Naidu	• Writing interpretation of a poem in simple language.	Psychology of a salesman and hardships of the life of a salesman.

ii. The Mountain and	- C4-1	F-44141
	• Style of writing poetry.	• Eastern thoughtand
the Squirrel-Ralph Waldo		Oriental Mysticism.
Emerson		
Unit III-	• What is précis?	• Enrichment of
i. Precis Writing	 Characteristics of good 	language
	précis.	
	• Origin of précis writing.	
	• Technique of writing précis.	
ii. Development of	How to develop thought in	• Enrichment of
Thought	1 &	
	a lucid way.	Language
B. A. III - Sem VI		
UNIT I Prose		• Importance of
	• Sentence construction	dedication to improve quality
i. Quality - John		in work.
Galsworthy		
ii. Miss Grill	Usage of simple present	Power of music to
Katherine Mansfield	T I I	change human nature
iii. My Financial	Dialogue writing	To plan financial
Career – Stephen Leacock	Dialogue writing	career properly.
iv. Socrates and the	Distanceidina	
	Dialogue writing	Difficulty in removing
School Master – F. L.		old customs from the mind of
Byron		the people.
UNIT II Poetry		• To become one with
	• Interpreting a poem in a	the nature.
i. The Solitary	simple language.	
Reaper – William		
Wordsworth		
ii. Stay Calm -	Imagery in poetry	To find solution for
Grenville K.		difficulties by peaceful mind.
UNIT III	To write News Paper	• Enrichment of
	Report	language
Report Writing	:- Language of the report, event	
	description	
Eggy Writing	*	
Essay Writing	• To write Descriptive Essays	
	, Narrative Essays, Expositary	
	Essays, Argumentative Essays.	

UNIT I - Prose 1. The Eyes Are Not Here - Ruskin Bond 2. Romance of a Busy Broker - O. Henry 3. Bores - E. V. Lukas 4. The Lost Child - Mulk Raj Anand UNIT II - Poetry 1. I. The world is too Much with Us - William Wordsworth 11. Ii. Ii.Once Upon a Time - Gabriel Okara 11. The world is too Much with Vs - William Wordsworth 12. The Lost Child - Mulk Raj Anand 13. Bores - E. V. 4. The Lost Child - Mulk Raj Anand 4. The Lost Child - Mulk Raj Anand 4. The world is too Much with Us - William Wordsworth 13. Ii.Once Upon a Time - Gabriel Okara 14. The world is too Much with Us - William Wordsworth 15. Ii.Once Upon a Time - Gabriel Okara 15. Once Upon a Time - Wordsworth ow the significance of virtues and self control in life. 15. Once Upon a Time - Synonyms and Antonyms - Tense forms 15. Once Upon a Time - Synonyms and Antonyms - Tense forms 15. Once Upon a Time - Synonyms and Antonyms - Tense forms 16. Unit IV - Grammar 16. Change the Narration - Articles - Synonyms and Antonyms - Tense forms 17. Change the Narration - Enrichment of language 18. Com. II SEM - II Unit I - Prose - Swami Vivekanand 19. New words and reading with comprehension. 20. New words and reading with comprehension to write short answer type questions. 20. Observes minutely the use of English language by Indian 21. Modern man is leading life like a machine. 22. Human behavior and certain types of human natures. 23. Human mind can imagine far greater things have naked human eye. 24. Modern man is leading life like a machine. 25. Human mind can imagine far greater things have naked human eye. 26. Modern man is leading life like a machine. 26. Human mind can imagine far greater things have naked human eye. 26. Human mind can inaked human eye. 27. Human behavior and certain types of human natures. 28. Child psychology. 29. The artificiality in human relationship in the world. 20. The artificiality in human relat	B. COM. I SEM – I		
Broker - O. Henry	1. The Eyes Are Not	• Writing answers to specific questions.	imagine far greater things than
Lukas		Dialogue writing	life like a machine.
Mulk Raj Anand			certain types of human
i. i. The world is too Much with Us –William Wordsworth ii. ii.Once Upon a Time – Gabriel Okara • Summarising the poem to write short answers questions • The use of 'If' clause in the poetry • Change the Narration • Articles • Synonyms and Antonyms • Tense forms • Letter Writing (Formal and Writing Skill B. Com. II SEM – II Unit I - Prose a. Which is Great in His Own Place – Swami Vivekanand b. The Postmaster – Ravindranath Tagore writing • Summarising the poem to write short answers questions • The use of 'If' clause in the poetry • Change the Narration • Articles • Synonyms and Antonyms • Tense forms • Letter Writing (Formal and Informal) • Resume Writing • Spiritual and Contended life. • Every person's work is important and he is great in his own place. • The world. • The world. • The artificiality in human relationship prevailing in the prosent to be significance of virtues and self control in life. • Enrichment of language • Writing skill for business communication. • Spiritual and Contended life. • Every person's work is important and he is great in his own place. • The artificiality in human relationship prevailing in the prosent world.			Child psychology.
write short answers questions human relationship prevailing in the present world.	i. i. The world is too Much with Us –William Wordsworth		
Doetry Significance of virtues and self control in life.	_		human relationship prevailing
 Articles Synonyms and Antonyms Tense forms UNIT V - Business Correspondence and Writing Skill Resume Writing Resume Writing Spiritual and Contended life. Every person's work is important and he is great in his own Place - Swami Vivekanand New words and reading with comprehension. Reading with comprehension to write short answer type questions. Observes minutely the use 	iii.If – Rudyard Kipling		significance of virtues and self
UNIT V - Business Correspondence and Writing Skill B. Com. II SEM – II Unit I - Prose a.Which is Great in His Own Place – Swami Vivekanand b.The Postmaster – Ravindranath Tagore • Letter Writing (Formal and Informal) • Resume Writing • Spiritual and Contended life. • Every person's work is important and he is great in his own place. • Reading with comprehension to write short answer type questions. • Observes minutely the use	UNIT IV - Grammar	ArticlesSynonyms and Antonyms	
Correspondence and Writing Skill B. Com. II SEM – II Unit I - Prose a.Which is Great in His Own Place – Swami Vivekanand b. The Postmaster – Ravindranath Tagore Informal) Resume Writing • Spiritual and Contended life. • Every person's work is important and he is great in his own place. • Reading with comprehension to write short answer type questions. • Observes minutely the use	UNIT V - Business		Writing skill for
B. Com. II SEM – II Unit I - Prose a. Which is Great in His Own Place – Swami Vivekanand b. The Postmaster – Ravindranath Tagore B. Com. II SEM – II Unit I - Prose a. Which is Great in His Own Place – Swami Vivekanand • Spiritual and Contended life. • Every person's work is important and he is great in his own place. • Reading with comprehension to write short answer type questions. • Observes minutely the use	1 -	O ,	<u> </u>
Unit I - Prose a. Which is Great in His Own Place – Swami Vivekanand b. The Postmaster – Ravindranath Tagore Postmaster – Ravindranath Tagore Contended life. • Every person's work is important and he is great in his own place. • Reading with comprehension to write short answer type questions. • Observes minutely the use		Resume Writing	
a.Which is Great in His Own Place – Swami Vivekanand b.The Postmaster – Ravindranath Tagore A Reading with comprehension to write short answer type questions. Observes minutely the use • Every person's work is important and he is great in his own place. • Understand the problems of orphans and poverty in Indian society.			±
Own Place – Swami Vivekanand • New words and reading with comprehension. • Reading with comprehension to write short answer type questions. • Observes minutely the use			
Vivekanandwith comprehension.own place.b.The Postmaster – Ravindranath Tagore• Reading with comprehension to write short answer type questions.• Understand the problems of orphans and poverty in Indian society.		New words and reading	
b.The Postmaster – Ravindranath Tagore • Reading with comprehension to write short answer type questions. • Observes minutely the use			
answer type questions. Observes minutely the use poverty in Indian society.		•	1
writers for creative purpose.	Ravindranath Tagore	answer type questions.Observes minutely the use of English language by Indian	-

c.How I Become a Public Speaker – G. B. Shaw	New wordsShavian style of writing	How one can become a good public speaker.
d.Prospects of Democracy in India – Dr. B. R. Ambedkar	Argumentative style of writing essay.	 Difference between political and social democracy. Education as solution to casteism
UNIT II - Poetry i.Success is Counted Sweetest – Emily Dickinson	Appreciation of the poem and summarizing it in own language.	One has to go through pains and hard words to become successful in life.
ii.Laugh and Be Merry – John Masefield	• Use of poetic devices for creative purpose.	• To lead life happily as the world is transitory.
iii.The Impossible Dream - Joe Darion	To develop a thought.	One should cherish ambition and struggle hard with confidence and courage to achieve the highest goal in life.
UNIT III - Grammar	 Voice Idioms and Phrases One word substitute Preposition 	• Enrichment of language.
UNIT IV - Business Correspondence	News paper reportE-mail	Development writing skill for professional
B. COM . II SEM – III Unit I Prose 1.Travel by Train – J. B. Priestly	Reading to summarize and write short answer type questions	Application of humour in the observation daily life .
2.Two Gentleman of Verona – A. J. Cronin	Dialogue writing	 Patriotism Embracing responsibilities without complaining.
3.Go Kiss the World – Subroto Bagchi	• Summarize the main points to attempt short answer questions	A life even though poor but rich in values makes human being dignified
4.The Struggle for an Education up from Slavery – Booker T. Washington	Read with comprehension and learns new words	• The importance of virtues such as patience, perseverance, self belief and a never - say - die attitude
Unit II - Poetry a.Where the Mind is Without Fear — Ravindranath Tagore	Poetic devices used in the poem.	 Caste free society. The concept of an ideal nation and nationalism

b.Stopping by Woods on A Snowy Evening – Roberst Frost	Development of idea	To avoid temptationCommitment of duties towards life.
c.Daffodils – William Wordswoth	• To write a short summary of the main ideas in the poem.	• Through this simple poem, the poet has given the world of literature, the definition of a poem that is "Spontaneous overflow of powerful feelingsrecollected in tranquility".
Unit III Communication Skills	 An introduction to Communication Notices , Agenda, and Minutes Presentations 	• To write for official purpose.
B. COM. II SEM - IV Unit I Prose a.The Town Week - E. V. Lucas	New words and its usage	About moods and sentiments of urban people of different days of a week.
b.Florence Nightingale – Lytton Strachey	• Use of short sentences to answer short answer type question.	• That with passion, service and devotion one can challenge the established institutions in the society and bring reformation.
c.The Gift of Magi – O. Henry	Language of journalism.Framing questions.	• True love lies in care and making sacrifices for others.
d.Three Hermits – Leo Tolstoy	Inspirational language.	• True religiosity is nothing but sincerity in faith and simplicity in behavior.
Unit II Poetry a.On His Blindness – John Milton	New words and reading with comprehension.	• Patience is the foundation of a believer in God
b.Solitude – Alexander Pope	 Reading with comprehension to write short answer type questions. Observes minutely the use of English language by Indian writers for creative purpose. 	 In the world of industrialization man has been disconnected with nature One can lead contended life in the company of nature with minimum requirement
c.Still I rise – Maya Angelou	New words and reading with comprehension.	• The determination can overpower even racial prejudices

d.Money Mandness – D. H. Lawrence	• Writing interpretation of a poem in simple language.	Modern man has grown very materialistic and mad after money.
Unit III Communication Skills	 Interview and interviewing skills Meeting skills Non-verbal communication 	Good performance in professional life.
B. COM. III SEM – V Unit I Prose a.Ratan Tata b.Steve Jobs c.Vijay Bhatkar	 New vocabulary related to managerial skills and enterprising drive. Notes down main points to answer MCQ questions. To write short answer - questions 	The contribution of the three industrials in the development of national economy.
d.Black Money and Black Economy Unit II Poetry i.A red red Rose – Robert Burns	 New concepts related to black money and black economy and summarizes the prose. Simile and Metaphor 	 Various aspects related to black money and how it can damage a nation's economy. The aesthetic quality which satisfies sense of beauty. The intimate and
ii.It is needless to ask of a Saint – Sant Kabir	To write a short summary of the main ideas in the poem	romantic relationship between lover and beloved The evil effects of caste system in the society.
iii.Love's philosophy – P. B. Shelley	•	• The representation of love in nature.
iv.The Garden - Andrew Marvell	The metaphysical way of composing poems	How the poet dismisses the ways of certain people who run after honour and acclaim and disconnect themselves from nature.
Unit III a.Computer Technology and Recent Concept in Business	Paperless office,video conferencing,e-banking	language for specific purpose

b.Communication Skills	 Public speaking (Strategies for effective speaking) Types of speeches 	 Acquires skills of public speaking How language changes depending on type of speech.
B. COM. III SEM – VI UNIT I Prose a.Sundar Pichai b. Mallika Srinivasan c. Muhammad Yunus	 New vocabulary related to managerial skills and enterprising drive. Notes down main points to answer MCQ questions. To write short answer - questions 	The contribution of the three industrials in the development of national economy.
d.Introduction to write to Information Act – 2005 - Pralhad Kachare	 New vocabulary of right to information act Summarizes and writes down main points to attempt short answer – questions and MCQs. 	• International perspective, national history, objectives and applications of public authority, etc.
Unit II Poetry a.How do I Love Thee – Elizabeth Berrate Browing	Poetic devices	The intimate and romantic relationship between lover and beloved
b.The Duck and the Kangaroo – Edward Lear	New vocabulary	• One must try to break the routine life to know the world which lies beyond one's capacity.
c.To Autumn - John Keats	Simile and Metaphor	• Like seasons everything in the world keeps changing.
Unit III Communication Skills	Employability skills	• Leadership skills, team work skills, time management, stress management, advertising.
B. Sc. I SEM - I Unit I Prose a.The Child - Premchand	Dialogue Writing	Social reformation
b. A Simple Philosophy - Seathl	New difficult words	• Colonization by the Europeans
c.Values in Life - Rudyard Kipling	Writing paragraph	To become successful in life with morality
d.Wate: The Elixir of Life C. V. Raman	Types of sentences	• Environmental conservation

d.Introduction to write to Information Act – 2005 - Pralhad Kachare Unit II Poetry i.Say Not the Struggle Knot Availeth - Arthur Hugh Clough ii.God's Grandeur - G. M. Hopkins	 New vocabulary of right to information act Summarizes and writes down main points to attempt short answer – questions and MCQs. Poetic devices Summarizing the poem to write short answer question	 International perspective, national history, objectives and applications of public authority, etc. The qualities in life like courage, hope reason and logic should be used to fight in life. Modern man is losing spirituality due to growing materialism.
iii.To Autumn John Keats	Simile and Metaphor	• Like seasons everything in the world keeps changing.
iv.Bangle Sellers – Sarojini Naidu	New words with poetic devices	Depiction of Indian
v.Stay Calm - Grandville Kleiser	Poetic devices	To keep silent and peaceful in difficult situation to overcome the problem.
Unit III a.Grammar	Parts of SpeechArticlesPropositions	Language enrichment
b.Communication Skills	Situational EnglishC. V. WritingFormal Letters	Language enrichment
B. Sc. I SEM - II Unit I Prose i.The Hazards of Food Colouring –	• Summarizes and writes down main points to attempt short answer – questions and MCQs.	Artificial colour on food affects badly on health.
ii.Kabuliwallah – Ravindranath Tagore	Reading with comprehension to write short answer type questions.	• Human relationships such as father – daughter are far above than the barriers of caste, creed and religion.
iii.The Eyes are Not Here - Ruskin Bond	New wordsWriting answers to specific questions.	Human mind can imagine far greater things than naked human eye.
iv.My Lost Dollar – Stephen Leacock	Dialogue writing	• In financial matter one must be very honest.

UNIT II Poetry i.O Captain! My Captain! – Walt Whitman	• To write summary of a poem	• The role of Abraham Lincoln in the abolition of slavery.
ii.The Quality of Mercy - Shakespeare	Simile and metaphor	• The virtue 'mercy'
iii.Father Returning Home – Dilip Chitre	Expansion of thought	• To extend care to the old people.
iv.The World is Too Much With Us – William Wordsworth	Use of language of creative writing	• Growing materialism in the world.
UNIT III a. Grammar	TensesTransformation of Sentences	• Enrichment of language
b. Communication Skills	ConversationReport WritingParagraph Writing	• Speaking and writing skill.

English Literature (UG)

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

AFTER COMPLETION OF THIS COURSE STUDENTS WILL BE ABLE TO:

- 1. Understand Literary Movements that existed in different ages.
- 2. Define Literary Theories and Terms in Criticism.
- 3. Develop reading, writing and analytical skills.
- 4. Communicate their ideas critically and creatively

Course Outcomes (COs)

AFTER COMPLETION OF THIS COURSE STUDENTS WILL BE ABLE TO:

- 1. Analyse various forms of literature.
- 2. Acquaint them with the forms of structures and aesthetics of style and techniques of literary works.
- 3. Analyse various elements of literature.
- 4. Communicate in English orally and in writing.
- 5. Kindle critical thinking skills.